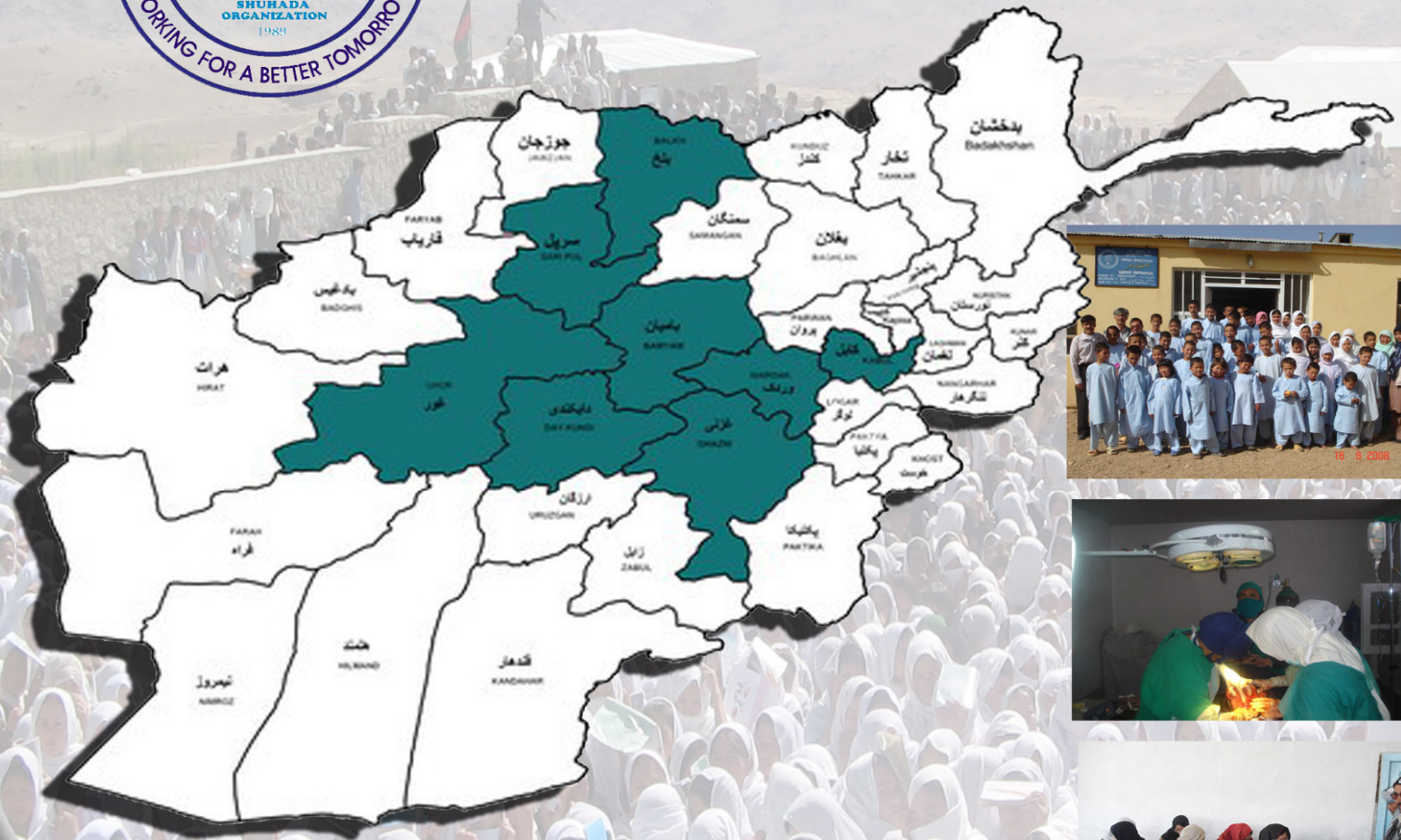


SHUHADA ORGANIZATION



ANNUAL REPORT 2008

WORKING FOR A BETTER TOMORROW



Executive Summary

Overall 2008 remained a year of hope, prosperity and optimism for Afghanistan as the prospect of genuine peace and joy were nourished. As the NATO forces took the charge of Afghanistan's security with the collaboration of Afghan forces, and the possible extension of the peace and security forces to areas outside the center. Even though, violence flared up intermittently in some areas of Afghanistan. Overall, the security situation has been improving, especially in our focus area the central Afghanistan where no security risk is at all. The enthusiasm of the local communities and their willing participation in implementation of projects especially those concerning women/girls have been exceptionally encouraging and reinvigorating for the organization at least this is indicative of genuine desire for peace, democracy and development.

As this report will bear out, the organization continues to believe that the rehabilitation of the society can only be achieved by integrating and accentuating the role of civil society especially women in the reconstruction process. To achieve this end, we have implemented several projects among which are pioneering women rights awareness and literacy courses for women.

Now, the emergent challenge for the Shuhada Organization is to adapt a new framework for operating in tandem with the society and government as well. The approach so far, has been to delegate the management and operation of projects, such as schools, hospitals/clinics, Access to Justice, women rights awareness, trainings/capacity building and livelihood to the agencies of Afghan Government wherever possible.

While the organization seeks and establish new projects in remote areas especially the Central Afghanistan, where the government cannot maintain a presence because of aloof from the centre. In so doing, we hope to establish an extensive groundwork for the country's infrastructure.

As always, we are thankful to the donors for their generosity, and will urge them to continue their valuable supports. Moreover, we also request their diligence and continuous emphasis towards the resolution of problems that face Afghan women. Finally, the organization also thanks the communities for their continual confidence in our activities and their enthusiasm and courage to change the future for their children.

Hamidullah Natiq.

Executive Director



Shuhada Organization (SO):

SO is a non-profit, non-political, and non-governmental organization dedicated to the welfare and progress of Afghan citizens with a primary focus on the empowerment of women and children. SO operates programs in the areas of health/health education, quality education, sustainable livelihood programs, training, research and capacity-building and relief distribution. SO was founded by Dr. Sima Samar in 1989. It is one of the oldest Afghan NGO have been working in Afghanistan from the last 20 years.

Shuhada Organization, with its first hospital, was established in Quetta, Pakistan in 1989. The hospital was established to address the total absence of reproductive health care for Afghan women refugees living in Pakistan. Over 4 million refugees fled Afghanistan during the Soviet Invasion and subsequent civil war. Virtually no health care was available to refugee women, who lived in cities or in refugee camps. In the urban areas, every political party had a hospital for its male members, but the hospitals did not provide health care for even the families of the party members. Fundamentalists who opposed women's rights and women's health care dominated the refugee camps, threatening the security of female staff and preventing the delivery of reproductive health services, however, the international community showed little interest in supporting women's health care.

To extend its humanitarian services inside Afghanistan, Shuhada Organization soon opened a school for girls and an adult literacy program for women. From these beginnings, SO has established a network of 4 hospitals, 12 clinics, 72 schools, two women's shelters, a multi-service women's centre, a science institute, orphanage, and different programs to provide income, training, health education, and basic literacy for women. Currently, over 60.000 girls and boys study in Shuhada schools.

Activities' Summary and Cohesiveness of the Program:

SO has focused on five major thematic areas of health, education, livelihood, human rights and shelter/orphanages, importantly, SO tried to make the organization's activities more coherent with the donors as well as national policies and international strategies such as: MDGs, ANDS and line ministries in fact.

1. Health

Shuhada Organization has a wide range of services in the field of Health and Health Education in Central Afghanistan. SO has a great contribution in

health sector for the quality health curative and preventive services to the people of the projects areas as well as to provide the very basic need of having access to health and health education.

Currently, SO manages three district hospitals along with five health clinics in Central Afghanistan.

2. Education:

As mentioned, SO established 72 schools in central highlands out of which 52 schools have been handed over to the government and the remaining 18 schools were run financially throughout the year.

Furthermore, to improve the quality education, SO conducted teacher training courses during the winter season to build the capacity of teachers in terms of teaching methodology and school subjects. A number of 570 were trained through this program in Bamyar province. SO has also conducted a series of English and computer courses for more than 100 girls and women in central highlands.



3. Livelihood

Livelihood related projects were composed of carpet-weaving, chips-making, jewelry-making, vocational training on metal work and solar technology, woolen products and livestock were implemented in Bamyan, Ghor and Ghazni provinces. The literacy and human

Rights education was an important component of projects' cycle as cross cut issue.

4. Human Rights

A series of 50 human rights, legal advising/coaching and family planning courses were conducted in Bamyan, Daikundi and Gazni provinces. A number of 3,900 women and girls received training during these courses.

5. Shelter/Orphanages

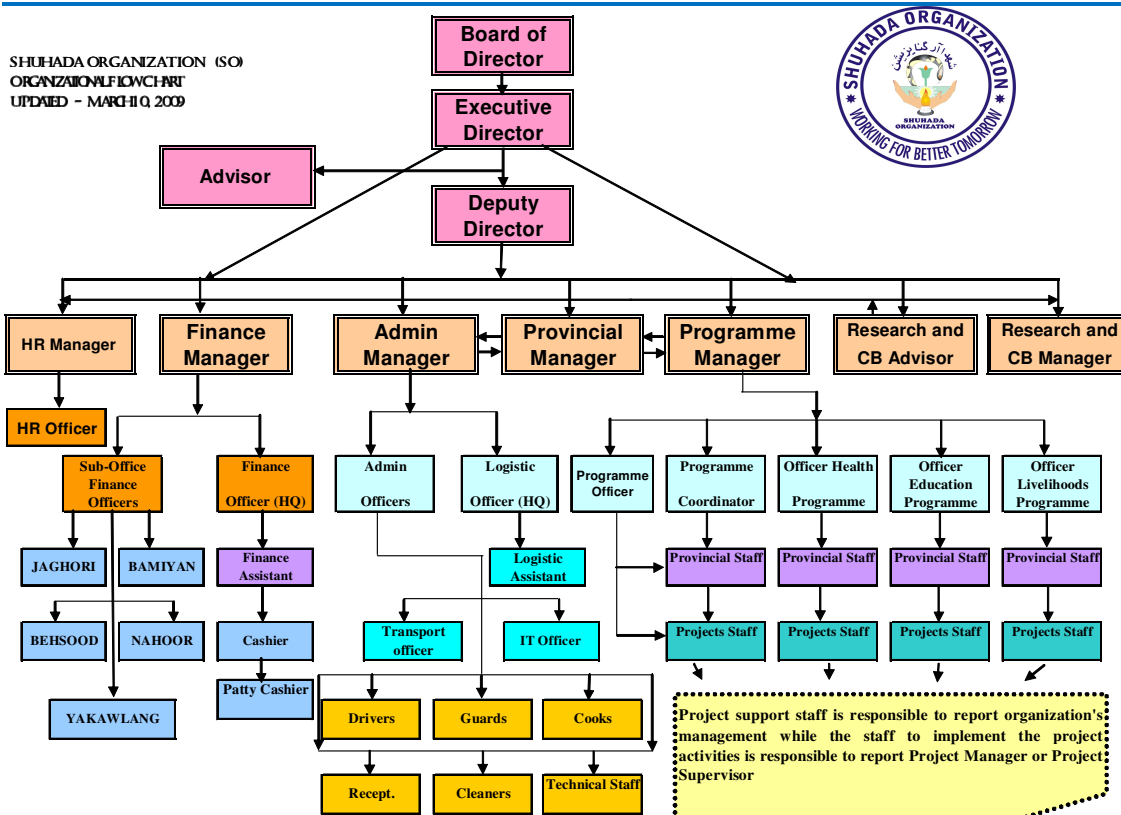
SO is running three orphanages in Bamyan and Ghazni provinces. 150 girls and boys are living in the orphanages where they are supported in terms of education, health and so forth.

Activities' Coherency and Partnership:

Whereas, government with the support of international community has came up with Afghanistan National Development Strategy (ANDS) derived from MDGs, SO made an effort to get registered with relevant line ministries to make its programs coherent with existing national and international strategies and policies.

Organizational Governance:

For better performance and effective governance, Shuhada Organization brought fundamental changes in its structure and policy. New posts and new working unit including deputy executive director, advisor and Research and Capacity-Building unit were established. New person assumed the post of Executive Director as part of new strategic changes in the framework of the organization.





Complete List of Activities 2008

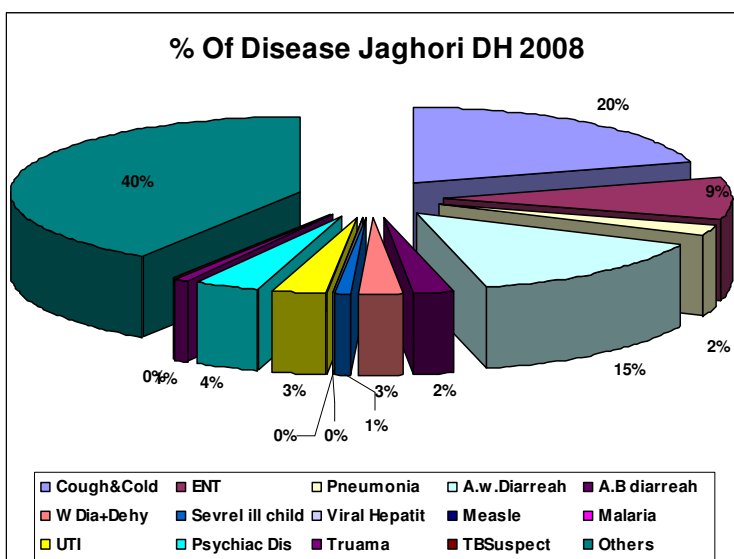
Sr. #	PROJECT NAME	SECTOR	DONOR	LOCATION
SO HEALTH PROGRAM				
1	District Hospitals Behsood	Health	Novib	Wordak
2	District Hospitals Yakawlang	Health	Novib	Bamyan
3	District Hospital Jaghori	Health	HCS	Ghazni
4	Comprehensive Health Center Khawat, Nahoor.	Health	Omid Org	Ghazni
5	Comprehensive Health Center Sarab.	Health	Omid Org	Ghazni
6	Basic Health Unit Kart-e-Sulh	Health	HCS	Bamyan
7	Basic Health Unit Sare Jungle	Health	Omid Org	Ghor
8	Basic Health Unit Aqrobat	Health	HCS	Bamyan
SO EDUCATION PROGRAMS				
1	Teacher Training Program	Education	NZAID	Bamyan
2	Teacher Training Program.	Education	CAFS	Bamyan
3	Computer and English Course	Education	CAFS	Bamyan
4	Computer and English Course	Education	RMAF	Bamyan
5	Computer and English Course	Education	SO	Ghazni
6	Shuhada girls school tabqoos	Education	Omid Org	Ghazni
7	Shuhada School in balkhab.	Education	Omid Org	Sar-e- Pol
8	Shuhada School in Punjab	Education	Omid Org	Bamyan
9	Shuhada School in Saryab	Education	Omid Org	Ghazni
10	Shuhada School in 4Shahristan.	Education	Omid Org	Daikundi
11	Shuhada School Sar Qol,Yakawlung.	Education	Omid Org	Bamyan
12	Shuhada Girls & Boys School.	Education	CW4W	Ghazni
13	Construction of Chardeh Girls High school	Education	CAFS	Bamyan
14	English and Computer Course for women	Education	GFW	Bamyan
15	School Running cost	Education	Dr. Mujaddidi	Ghazni
SO LIVELIHOOD PROGRAMS				
1	Tree plantation	Livelihood	HCS	Bamyan
2	Sustainable livelihood program	Livelihood	CA	Ghor
3	Carpet weaving program in women center	Livelihood	NZAID	Bamyan
4	Multi service women center	Livelihood	HCS	Bamyan
5	Vocational training center	Livelihood	SO	Ghazni
SO HUMAN RIGHTS PROGRAMS				
1	Women rights education & legal assistance program	Human rights	FFF	Ghazni
2	Women rights education & legal assistance program	Human rights	KIOS	Bamyan and Daikundi
3	Women rights education & legal assistance program	Human rights	HCS	Bamyan
SO ORPHANAGES				
1	Samar Girls Orphanage Jaghori	Orphanage	Omid Org	Ghazni
2	Samar Boys Orphanages Jaghori	Orphanage	HCS	Ghazni
3	Samar Girls and Boys Orphanage Bamyan	Orphanage	HCS	Bamyan



1. HEALTH

1.1 SHUHADA DISTRICT HOSPITAL JAGHORI:

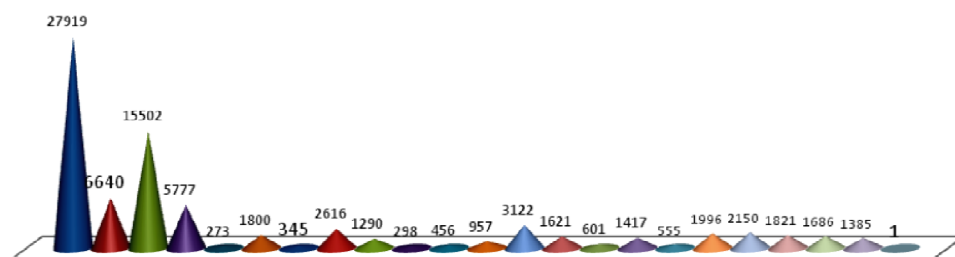
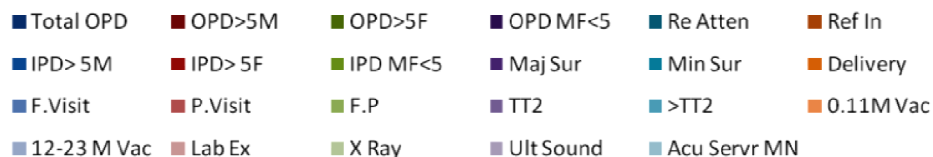
The Shuhada Hospital, Jaghori remained active throughout the year (2008). All sections of Hospital work normally under the supervision of Hospital In-charge, Shuhada Hospital along with IPD, remained fully in operations, capacity like OPD, IPD, OT, Labor Room, X-Rays, Labs, Dressing, Ultrasound, Vaccination, Nurse Training, and Health Education. The health includes HIV AIDS, family planning, reproductive health; CHWs etc. were the main activities during the year.



Other Activities

- ✓ Improvements have been made in Administration and Finance departments according to revised policies and Procedures of SO.
- ✓ The percentage of patient in Jaghori hospital for the year 2008 was 77.5% per day.

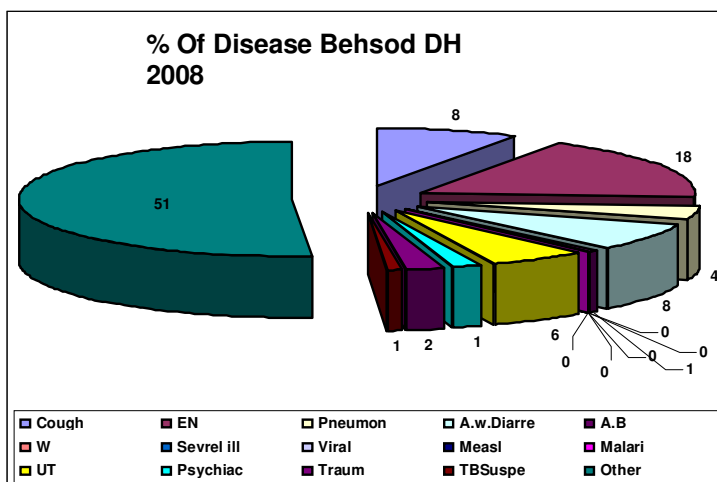
Joghori DH Activity 2008





1.2 SHUHADA DISTRICT HOSPITAL BEHSOOD:

Shuhada District Hospital in Behsood remained active with its OPD, IPD, X-ray, diagnostic laboratory, delivery, operation rooms, and vaccination section in 2008. The main activities regarding to the Community was remained positive. Shuhada district Hospital Behsood also provides health education and awareness programs to the local community.



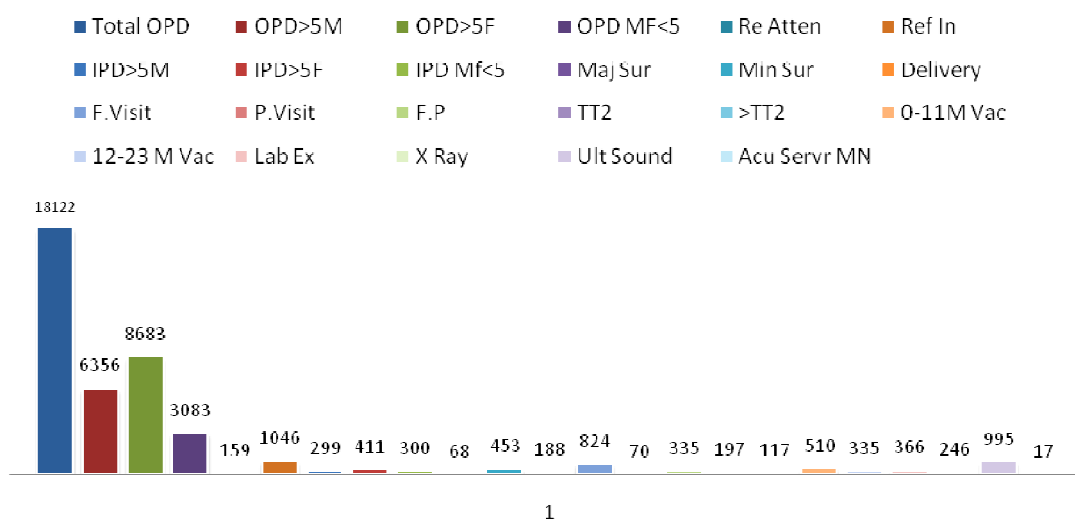
The department-wise activities statistics are presented in a table.

Other Activities

- ✓ Deliverance of TB service.
- ✓ Provision of Health awareness to people in the hospital catchment's area throughout the year.
- ✓ The percentage of patient visit in Behsood district hospital was 58.60% per day.



Behsood DH activity 2008



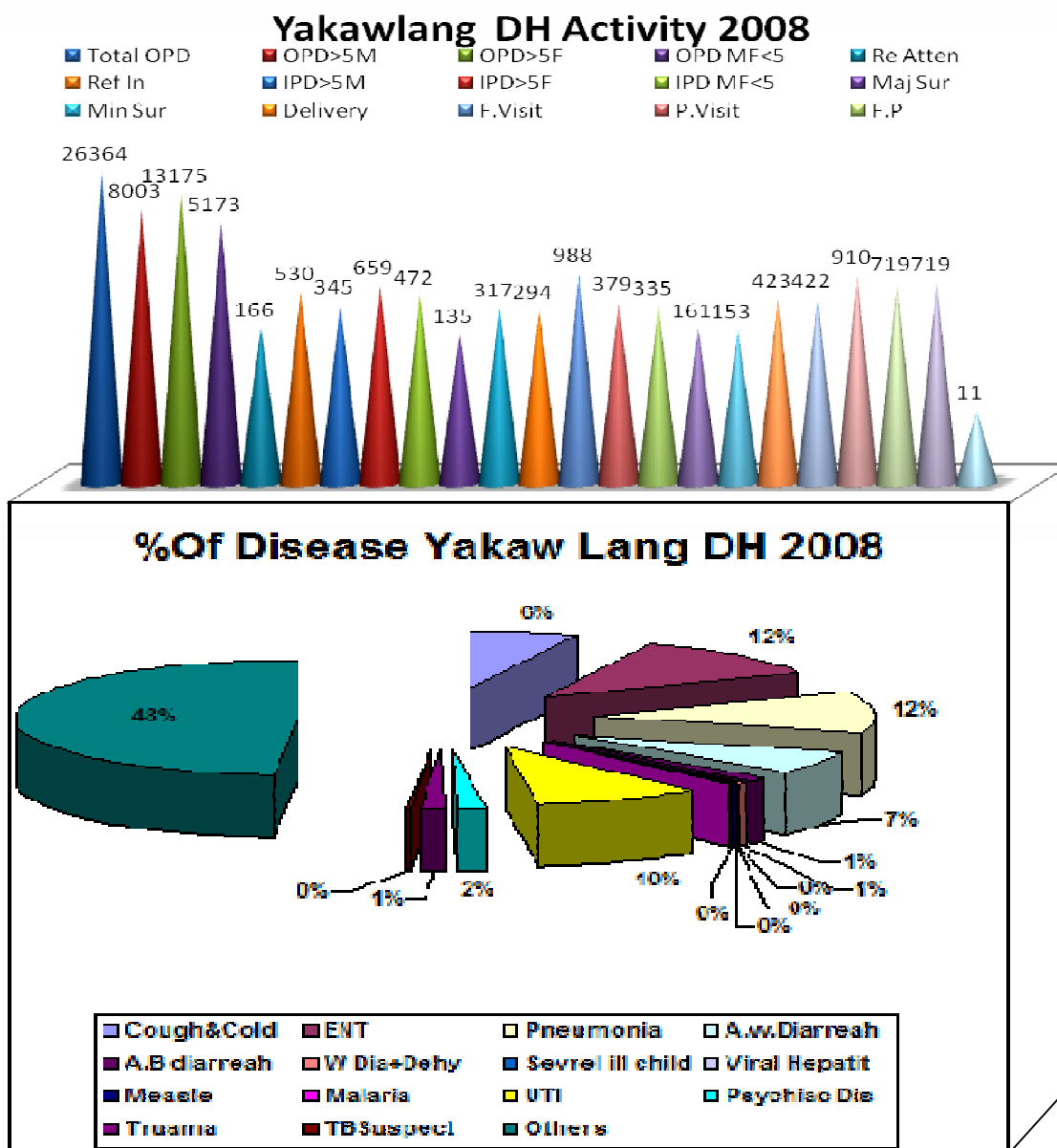


1.3 SHUHADA DISTRICT HOSPITAL YAKAWLANG:

Shuhada District Hospital Yakawlang was active with the following activities during the year: IPD, OPD, diagnostic laboratory, X-ray, ultra-sound, delivery room, dressing Operation Theater and vaccination for the provision of quality health services in Yakawlang district.

Progress and Improvement has been made in health program during the rest of year.

- ✓ Conducting regular meeting with local health council.
- ✓ Provision of Ambulance services for maternity cases to pick and drop after delivery in the hospital.
- ✓ The percentage of patient visit in Yakawlang was 73.19 % per day.



1.4 SHUHADA BASIC HEALTH CENTER KHAWAT (NAHOOR):

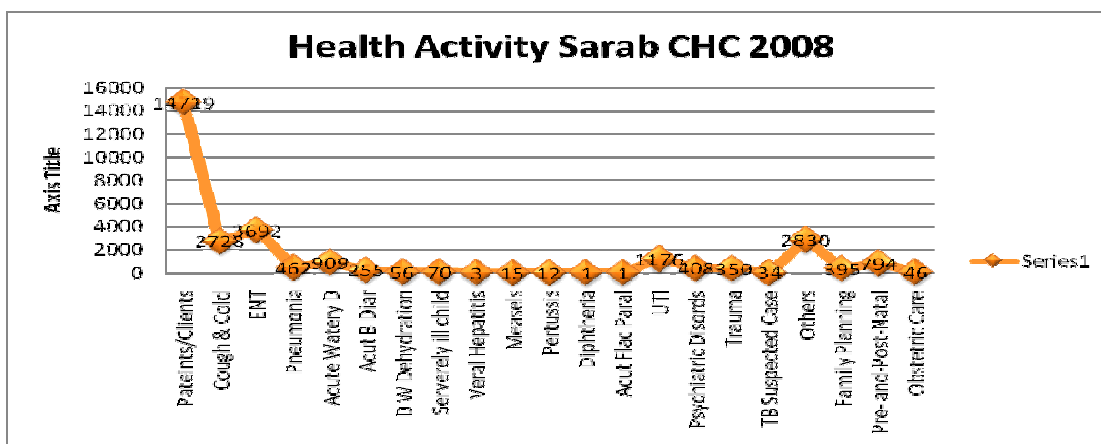
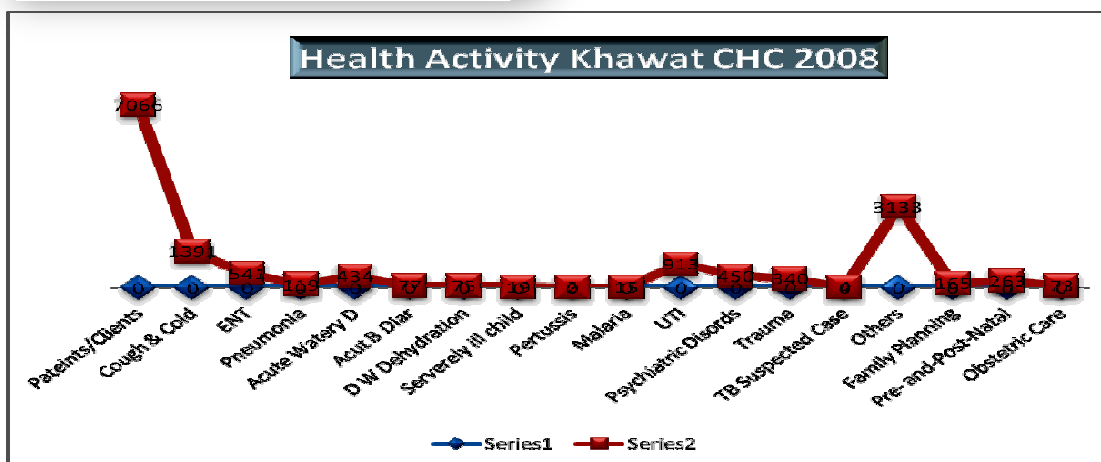
The Shuhada Clinic in Khawat, Nahoor continued its curative activities during 2008 with a doctor, a female and a male nurse, and a laboratory technician. The clinic dispenses basic curative services, and the complicated cases were referred to district hospital. The clinic also provided vaccination and CHWs services to the local community.



1.5 SHUHADA COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CENTER (SARAB)



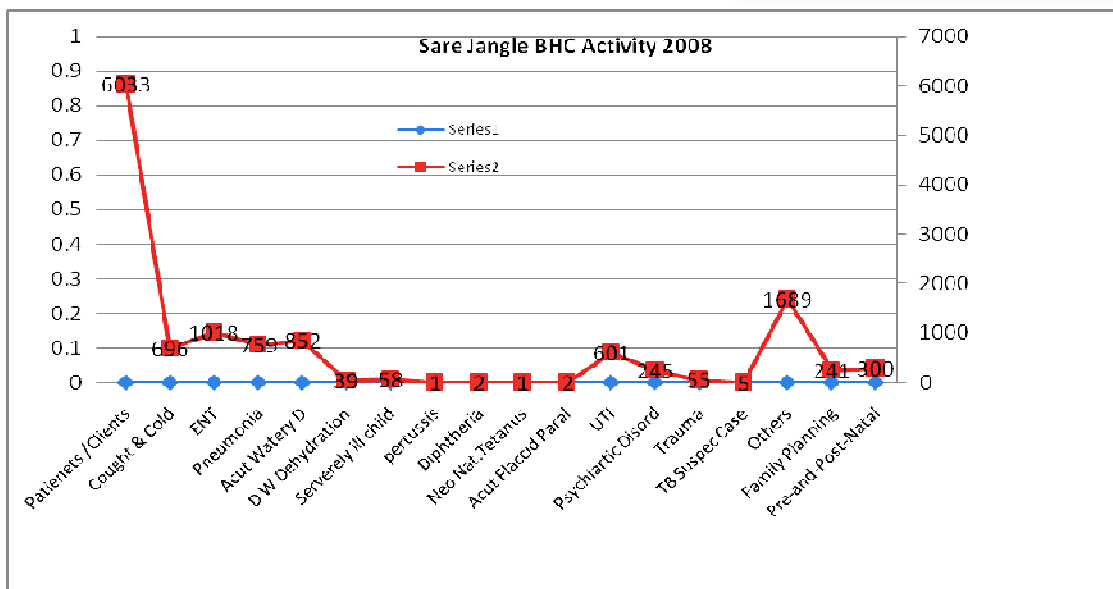
Same services such as curative services, CHWs and vaccination services were provided to the people. Sarab clinic provide health education through female nurses as well. It's staffed with a doctor, three female and a male nurses.





1.6 SHUHADA BASIC HEALTH CENTER (LAL AND SAR-E-JANGAL)

Shuhada Clinics in Lal and Sar-e-Jangal was active through 2008 maintained by a pair of male and female nurses and two guards under supervision of a MD doctor. Based on our calculation and feedback received from the community, the clinic was effective to meet the health needs of the vulnerable people of the district.

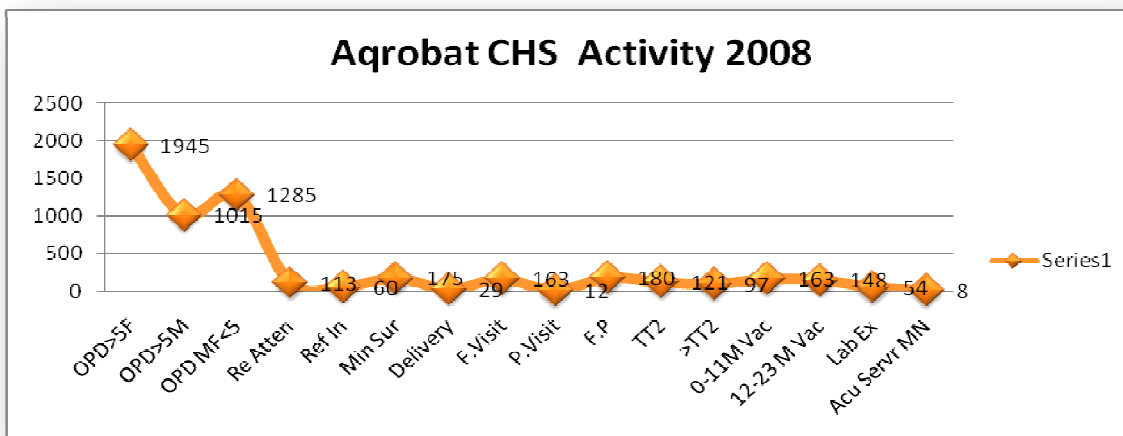


1.7 SHUHADA HEALTH SUB-CENTERS (KARTE-SULH, BAMYAN)

Shuhada HSC in Kart-e-Sulh (Bamyan) delivered the following activities including routine examination, vaccination and reproductive health care and family planning. The sub-center was staffed with a professional nurse and a vaccinator.

1.8 AQROBAT HEALTH SUB-CENTERS (HSC):

The Aqrobat HSC was established in 2008 in an isolated village of Bamyan centre. Activities like routine examination, vaccination and reproductive health care and family planning were provided to the people.





Other Health Related activities:

1. Health Education:

Health Education was provided by health staff at health facilities, which include information on disease (especially on communicable disease), prevention and treatment of the diseases.

CHWs voluntarily work in the communities to link it with health facilities. They encourage people for vaccination, provision of reproductive health care and awareness: (Antenatal and postnatal care, family planning), referring the patients to the hospital and promote personal and environmental hygiene awareness.

2. Nurse Training

To improve the efficiency of the professional health Staff Shuhada Organization conducted one year nurse training course for 14 couples from Ghazni, Bamyar and Dai Kundi provinces.

The training was held in Jaghori district hospital with financial support of ASAA. It was scheduled in two shifts of morning and afternoon. The curriculum content included both theoretical and practical aspect of nursing.

3. Donation:

2 sets of Ultrasound systems were donated by Global Fund for Women to Shuhada Hospitals in Jaghori and Behsood.





2. EDUCATION:

While demolishing schools is still rampant in some parts of the country, Shuhada Organization pursues its struggle for the improvement and standardization of the education system. Shuhada Organization since its establishment has built 100 schools building and established 72 new schools and covered more than 60,000 students throughout Ghazni, Bamian, Dai Kundi, Orozgan, Maidan Wardak, Kabul, Sar-e-Poll provinces and Quetta city of Pakistan. As the government was empowered, Shuhada Organization gradually handed over its schools to the government

2.1 Schools:

20 schools were run by Shuhada Organization in 2008 and number of 15215 boys and girls received formal education through these schools. Shuhada Organization also constructed a school building contenting 8 rooms with financial support of CAFS. Following table provides more detailed information:





*Shuhada Organization
Education Sector*

The Details of Schools under supervision of Shuhada Organization

No	School	Area	District	Province	Students			Classes	Number of Staff		
					Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
1	Shahid Sadiqi boys High School	Palach	Shahristan	Daikondi		1340	1340	1 To 12		30	30
2	Alama Balkhi Boys High School	Chapar Sang	Shahristan	Daikondi		368	368	1 To 12		27	27
3	Bint Ul Hoda Girls High School	Ulqan	Shahristan	Daikondi	524	100	624	1 To 11	10	5	15
4	Fatima Zahara Girls High School	Palach	Shahristan	Daikondi	574	27	601	1 To 11	10	4	14
5	Hijab Girls High School	Ghaf	Shahristan	Daikondi	545	1	546	1 To 12	13	2	15
6	Zainabia Secondary Girls School	Ghochan	Shahristan	Daikondi	596		596	1 To 9	13	2	15
7	Central Secondary Girls School	Punjab District	Punjab	Bamian	760		760	1 To 12	16	4	20
8	Ghurghuri Secondary School	Ghurghuri Valley	Punjab	Bamian	238		238	1 To 7	8	3	11
9	Ghurghuri Secondary Girls School	Pushta Ghurghary	Punjab	Bamian	264		264	1 To 7	5	6	11
10	Shinia Takht Girls High School	Takht Waras	Waras	Bamian	486		486	1 To 12	4	7	11
11	Sar-e-Qol Primary Girls Schools	Sar-e-Qol	Yakawlang	Bamian	233		233	1 To 5	8	1	9
12	Kart-e-Solh Primary School	Kart-e-Solh	Bamian City	Bamian	218	240	458	1 To 5	8	13	21
13	A Ghafor Sultani High School	Sang-e-Masha	Jaghori	Ghazni		3629	3629	1 To 12	0	22	22
14	Shuhada Girls High School	Sang-e-Masha	Jaghori	Ghazni	2600		2600	1 To 12	39	2	41
15	Shuhada Girls High School	Tabqos	Jaghori	Ghazni	850		850	1 To 12	21	5	26
16	Fatima Zahara Girls High School	Sarab	Jighato	Ghazni	699		699	1 To 12	13	1	14
17	Shahid Waeiz Primary School	Sarab	Jighato	Ghazni	222		222	1 To 6	02	5	7
18	Omid Girls School		Balkhab	Sar-e-Pol	198		198	1 To 6	7	1	8
19	Maryam Girls School		Balkhab	Sar-e-Pol	305		305	1 To 6	6	4	10
20	Zowaj Girls School	Zowaj	Balkhab	Sar-e-Pol	198		198	2 To 5	5	1	6
Total					9510	5705	15215	Total	186	145	331





2.2 TEACHER TRAINING PROGRAMS

Afghanistan has seen a significant improvement in access to education however; the number of available and qualified teachers remains extremely low. The Teacher's Training Colleges and universities are designed to address the problems in education sector in long-term, however, they are unable to meet the immediate needs in this area in short-run. At the meantime, NGOs can contribute and support the government to improve the quality education in education

sector based on ministry of Education strategic plan. Therefore, SO strategically tries to make its programs coherent with government and consider winter teacher training program as most effective way to build the capacity of teacher and enhance the quality of education in the country.

Shuhada organization conducted a three month winter teacher training program in Bamyan province. Totally a number of 639 teachers from 9th grad to 12th grade were trained. This program is designed for three years aiming, to build on academic knowledge and teaching skills of teachers who are currently teaching and could not complete the 12th grad, at the end of this program the academic knowledge of the teachers trainees will be upgraded to 12th grad.

The Teachers were introduced by provincial education department for this training. This program was financially supported by tow major donors including NZAID and "Commitato Arghosha Far Away School" which covered 539 and 100 teachers respectively.

2.3 ENGLISH AND COMPUTER COURSES

Shuhada Organization programs are designed to emphasize more on the empowerment of women in the region where Shuhada operates. The English and computer courses were established for those women and girls who could not continue their high education due to the economic problem and lack of institutional opportunity. This program aims to enhance the capacity and skills of women with modern technology. Knowing English language and computer skills can significantly support the women and girls to find job in government institutions and NGOs. Based on this, Shuhada Organization managed to conduct a series of English and computer courses in Bamyan and Ghazni provinces. 100 women and girls were trained for duration of one year (2008) in both above mentioned provinces.



3. LIVELIHOOD

Even though Afghanistan has made impressive and encouraging progress since the fall of the Taliban in November 2001, despite recent changes many challenges remain. The majority of Afghans still live in dire poverty. Afghanistan remains high on the human development index (173rd out of 178 nations) (*Source: Afghanistan National Human Development Report 2004*). Poverty is compounded by a lack of health and social services, as well as poor education and nutrition levels. At least 80% of the Afghans living in the provinces depend on agricultural/livestock activities or connected occupations and trades. The country suffers from chronic drought, environmental degradation and natural disasters such as floods, landslides and earthquakes. Rural unemployment is estimated to be over 50% (*source: CIA world fact book*). While aid has contributed to progress in Afghanistan, it has not sufficiently benefited the majority of the population living in rural areas.



A combination of inaccessibility, food insecurity, limited livestock, poor basic services and underdeveloped markets have contributed to an ongoing struggle for basic survival by local communities, rendering women, aged, disabled and children especially vulnerable. To meet some of the above mentioned needs of the some rural

communities, Shuhada Organization contributed with the following livelihood projects

3.1 SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOOD PROGRAM

Shuhada organization with the financial support of Christine Aid (CA) launched sustainable livelihood Programme in Lal and Sar-e-jungle district of Ghor province in 2008 for the most vulnerable community. The program includes the following components:

Livestock: The livestock project is designed for three years. The first and second years were successfully implemented. It is one of the most effective livelihood project that SO implement it. This project is for those families who have no land or Female headed houses and have no source of income or less source of income. The project is designed in a way that one she sheep should be returned back by each family /year. The recovered sheep shall be distributed for the new beneficiaries. This way, in first year (2007) SO provided 80 sheep plus 80 lambs @ 4 per-house-hold to 20 families, and in 2nd year (2008) SO provided 90 sheep plus 90 lambs including 20 she sheep recovered from first year @ 4 per-house-hold totally 110 sheep to the new 27 families.

In addition to the livestock project Shuhada organization has established a livestock and agriculture committee in the project



site after completion of third year of project, this livestock and agriculture



committee will look after this practice and cycle to take back one sheep each year and further distribute to another beneficiary and this committee has the responsibility to support those beneficiaries who do not have land or cannot manage to feed their livestock.

As per SO's learning, this project is very effective economically, since those families who received four she sheep with lamb in the first year , they currently own an average of 17-20 sheep , which has dramatically changed their life status in terms of health , nutrition and so fort.

Quotes:

Masoma d/o Hassan Akhond says:

I am a widow living with my 6 children in Barikak village of Lal district of Ghor province. I and my eldest son, have the responsibility to take care of my other children feeding them. We are working as farmer and due to the several years of drought in the region, the agriculture harvest was very low and was not adequate to cover all our living costs. The project could help us to survive to at least having a bread and tea two times in a day. We had neither a bush in the ground nor a star in the sky but now, with the help of livestock project by which I received 4 she sheep with lamb, I have started a new life and now after tow years, I have 17 sheep which is a big investment for the future of my children. I am very much hopeful now as the future of my children is ensured and also my children look very healthy using the milk and the yoghurt. I am happy and satisfied now.

3.2 SOLAR AND METAL WORK TRAINING:

The solar and metal work training is third component of sustainable livelihood programs. The purpose of the project is to create job opportunity for those young men who could not continue their education and remain illiterate.

16 people were trained during 2008 to learn how to make solar water heater and also learn how to use metal for door, window, cupboard, chairs and tables etc. it's aimed



that the trainees after completing the training cycle will be able to run their own business.

3.2 Multi-service women center:

Construction of a Women Center in Bamyan Center was another initiative of Shuhada organization towards women economic empowerment. To do so, a series of vocational training including chips-making, jewelry-making and carpet-weaving (hand knotted) were conducted.

This training was coupled with literacy and basic human rights education/ awareness about women rights. SO tries its best that the vulnerable women in Bamyan receive required training,





equipment, and necessary experience enabling them to set up their own self-sustaining initiatives. A number of 24 women and girls on carpet-weaving, 8 women and girls on chips-making and 6 women on jewelry-making were trained during 2008 in the women center.

Quote:

My name is Kobra and I am living in Qezil village of Lal district of Ghor province. We are a populated family with eight members. Our economic situation was not satisfactory but now, I am happy that I learn the skill of weaving jacket. I can weave a jacket according to my own desire for my children. Beside the jacket weaving, I am now able to read and write very basically. Now, I know many things about the woman rights, the role of women in the society and family. I wish we can continue the literacy courses in the further.

RELIEF DISTRIBUTION AND TREE PLANTATION

When the extreme temperature and heavy snow struck most parts of the country including Hazarajat, the Help Committee of Schaffhausen (HCS) responded to the vexing crises and with the facilitation of Shuhada Organization supported 160 most vulnerable and poverty stricken families in Bamyán and Daikundi provinces during the harsh winter with food items including flour, rice and cooking oil.

HCS also funded a tree plantation project in Bamyán center. About 3000 saplings of various species of apple and apricot were distributed for 121 families in Kamitee village of Bamyán Center. Beneficiaries were trained on how to plant and nourish the saplings afterwards. Promotion of fruit trees and preservation of environment were the part of the major goals of the project.

4. HUMAN RIGHTS AWARENESS COURSES

Shuhada Organization' only not works in Area of Education, Health, Livelihood, orphanage & Capacity Building, but it is significantly Active in order to Introduce and Empower Democracy, Dissemination and Education of Human Rights, Women Rights, Reproductive Health education & Literacy

course for the Women who are illiterate in Provinces of Bamiyan, Ghazni, Ghor, Dai Kundi, Maidan Wardak & Kabul.

In fact, the women in Afghanistan are still unaware about their rights. Their social life is miserable in this regard. A case study is given below for reference.



CASE STUDY:

A number of more than 13 legal cases were recorded and dealt by our legal advisors. The cases included legal issue (e.g. inheritance, ownership) and social issues (e.g. exchange marriage, forced marriage, domestic violence).

Legal assistance was provided for the victims to access to justice. They were advised to refer to the judicial system (court, police) and Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission.

Hawa Gull cases. (Hawa Gull and Mubaris are relatives. Once Mubaris was working as mason with Hawa Gull's family, while they knew each other, Mubaris contacted her many time expressing that he has fallen in love with her. This relation culminated to sexual discourse and Hawa Gull got pregnant.

Soon after Mubaris knew that she is pregnant, he fled away to Iran. On the other hand when her family realized that she is pregnant, her brother beat her and tortured her many times, due to that, she lost one of her eyes and compelled her to abort her baby. After 6 months Mubaris came back home and as she got the news, she immediately went to his home along with her mother and

discussed the matter with Mubaris, but he denied what they claimed. Our legal advisor helped Hawa Gull to request elders to support her. Then elders held a meeting to resolve the issue and they resolved the issue in favor of Hawa Gull. Elder's decision was: a) Mubaris should pay 180,000Afs to the Father of Hawa Gull. b) Mubaris should take Hawa Gull at his home and live with her).

The impact of these courses is given below.

Reduction of forced Marriages
Reduction of Family Violence
Reduction of Misconduct against Women
To empower and activate women in Social & economical Activities

More than 3,900 women received training on Human Rights/ Women Rights and basic literacy course in 2008. Several women who had legal issues were provided Legal Consultation and thousands of learning material including books, brochures and posters about Human Rights were Printed and Distributed among Women.



5. ORPHANAGES:

Three decades of war left a large number of people killed or missing. Many children lost or were separated from their parents. Other families lost their breadwinners and as a result became dependent on other extended family members. Since the economic condition of an average family in the region is very weak, these additional children are often treated as a servant. Orphans are used extensively as free child labor and then remain in exploited economic situations throughout their lives.

The destitute families of these unfortunate children are often unable or in rare cases do not want to educate these children. Girl orphans are particularly in vulnerable positions, forced to marry with any one the family wants or who offer more money.

They can be victim of every kind of human rights abuses and violations.

Realizing this reality, Shuhada Organization (SO) has been able to establish three orphanages in Bamyan and Ghazni provinces. A number of 40 girls orphans, 77 boys orphans and 14 widows who serve there as mother for a group of children.

SO with the support of its donors provides and delivers a series of services, which include the following instances:



1. Supporting the children with educational programs and facilities. Children in the orphanage attend public school programs throughout the year.

2. Despite the school programs, permanent teachers are recruited to support the children with their school subjects and some additional learning, such as anthropology (this subject is taught in three rounds). The first round is simple, designed for primary classes and two other rounds are for 6th class

onwards), theater, poem competition, writing article, painting, cooking, knitting, sport, games, English language, watching didactic films, recreation. Children also conduct programs of reading poem; article etc, through local radio station. Since there are many of them; they do it by turn on daily bases. Teachers have made special schedule for the children for the above mentioned programs and activities in the orphanage.

3. A number of 14 widows are recruited as mothers/nurse who closely supervise and take care of the children in the orphanage

4. Children are provided free health service at SO hospital when they get sick or face health problems.

5. However, SO aim to support the orphans in different areas with a particular focus on educational programs. It helps orphans to graduate from 12th grade and participate at university entrance examination. This way they will be granted independence in their future life.



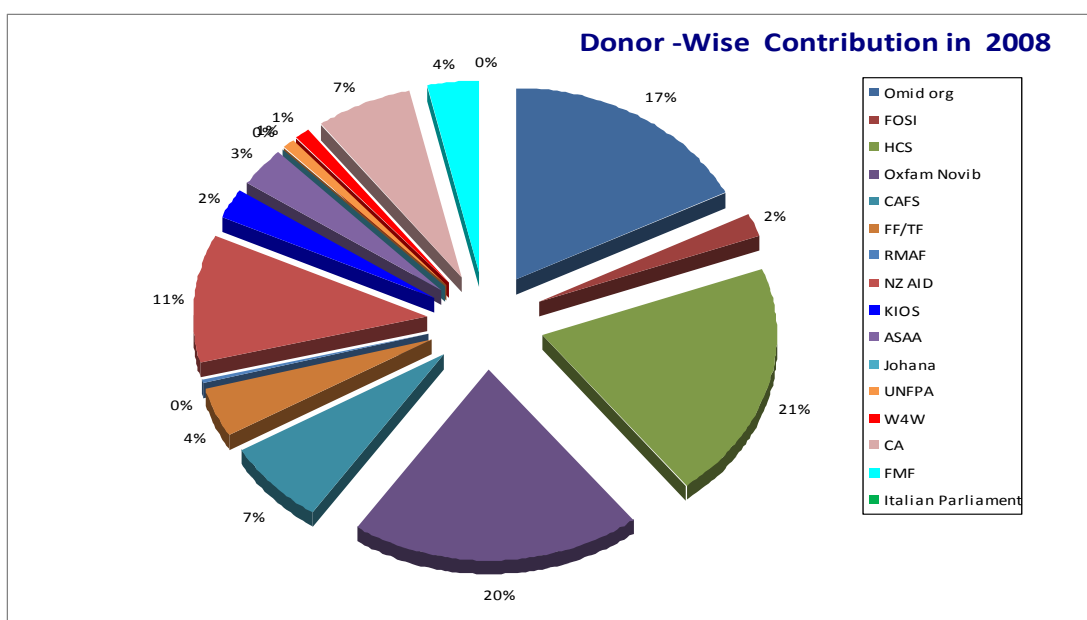


FINANCIAL ASPECT:

This data is an integral part of Annual Organizational Audit for the year ended December 2008.

The following table shows the total contribution of respective donors in terms of Expenditures for the year 2008.

DONOR EXPENDITURES IN US DOLLAR		2008
		USD
1	Comitato Arghosha Faraway School	124,428
2	Omid Organization	292,486
3	Foundation Open Society Institute	27,467
4	HCS	274,442
5	Oxfam Novib	282,930
6	Tides Foundation / Flora Family	44,944
7	RMAF	1,800
8	Christian AID	71,277
9	NZ AID	155,394
10	KIOS	37,378
11	Italian Parliament	1,217
12	FMF/Boston Foundation	50,534
13	ASAA	49,978
14	Johanna	500
15	AFSC	11,221
16	UNFPA	10,005
17	W4W	15,000
18	Dr. Mujaddidi	2,000
TOTAL DONORS EXPENDITURES IN USD		1,453,001





DONORS CONTRIBUTION IN TERMS OF EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR 2008

**SHUHADA ORGANIZATION
BALANCE SHEET
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2008**

	Notes	USD 2008	USD 2007
<u>PROPERTY AND ASSETS</u>			
-			
<i>Operating Fixed Assets</i>			
(Written off during the year)	4.	-	-
<i>Current Assets</i>			
Receivables from Donors	5.	109,117	74,104
Advances to employees		27,094	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6.	82,050	220,541
		<u>218,261</u>	<u>294,645</u>
		<u>218,261</u>	<u>294,645</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND RESERVES</u>			
<i>Current Liabilities</i>			
Payable to Donors	7.	-	576
Fund Balances	8.	102,171	108,050
Accrued and other Liabilities	9.	5,291	6,772
Loan Payable	10.	-	7,171
		<u>107,462</u>	<u>122,569</u>
<i>Accumulated Income</i>		<u>110,799</u>	<u>172,076</u>
		<u>218,261</u>	<u>294,645</u>

The auditors' report is annexed thereto.

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.



BALANCE SHEET NARRATIVE STRENGTH

Balance sheet is the summary of organization's owned assets and outstanding obligations at period end comprising of operational liabilities and funds that represents the excess of incoming resources over outgoing resources.

Balance sheet represents the financial position of an entity at some specific period end. It represents the worth of an organization higher the balance sheet footage of an Organization more would be its worth and vice versa.

If we review and have glance the balance sheet of Shuhada Organization at December 31, 2008 and it showed better improvement in the financial position of the Organization over a year especially in respect of cash and bank balance. Furthermore, Organization also managed to reduce amount of receivable from donors during the year ended December 31, 2008.

Organization also successfully managed to reduce the burden of current liabilities if we compare the balance of last year current liabilities with current year balance of current liabilities.

Therefore, it is stated that, the Balance Sheet and the related Income and Expenditure accounts reflect a true and fair view of the state of Shuhada Organization affairs as the December 31, 2008.

ACRONYMS:

OPD	Out Door Patients
NATO	Northern Atlantic Treaty Organization
IPD	In Door Patients
Co-Ed-Post	Co-education post secondary Institute.
Nhr & Srb	Nahoor and Saryab (name of districts)
Lal & Sj	Lal & Sar-e-Jangle (name of district)
CHW	Community Health Worker
TBA	Traditional Birth Attendant
Lab	Laboratory
'SO'	Shuhada Organization
HIV AIDS	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome
EPI	Expended Program on Immunization
HMIS	Health Management Information System
PHCC	Provincial Health Coordination Committee
TB	Tuberculosis
AFP	Acute Flashed Paralyzed
NID	National Immunization Day
DEW	Disease Early Warning
TTP	Teacher Training Program

SHUHADA ORGANIZATION

Working For a Better Tomorrow



Annual Report 2008

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