

SHUHADA ORGANIZATION

ANNAUAL REPORT



2013

Working for a Better Tomorrow











No	SO's Donor Partners in 2013	Country	
1	Help Community Schaffhausen (HCS)	Switzerland	
2	Counter Part International (CPI)/ USAID	USA	
3	European Instrument Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR)	Europe	
4	The Finish NGO Foundation for Human Rights (KIOS)	Finland	
5	Comitato Arghosha far Away School (CAFS)	Italy	
6	Mothers For Peace (MFP)	Belgium	
7	Naiqala Association	Switzerland	
8	KIBO	Japan	
9	Will Foundation	Japan	
10	Noorband Qala	Afghanistan	
11	Dr. Subhani	USA	
12	Dr. Qudratullah Mojadadi	USA	
13	Miss Tuba	USA	
14	Feminist Majority	USA	
15	Miss. Laila	USA	
16	Denton Murphy	USA	

Name of the Book: Shuhada Organization Annual Report 2013

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Version No: 13

Printed No: 500 Volumes
Published by: Ayazi Publisher



I Am Optimistic About My

Future!

rowing under kindness of caring parent is the dream of every child who is deprived of. I am really thankful to my mother Dr. Sima Samar and my father Abdul Raouf Naveed who are good parents to me. They helped me a lot and supported me to go to school to learn English and basic computer's programs. Without their continuous support I would never had these opportunities and achievements.

Similar to rest of children and youngsters, I have my own dreams and wishes for the future. I hope the day, to complete my higher education and help poor and needy people, as my father and mother did for me. It is the greatest wish of my life.

Ameen Naveed One of the children in Samar Orphanage

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1. Foreword



phroughout 2013, Afghanistan experienced troubled days with humanitarian activities affected by lingering instability along with the an-

nouncement that the international community's presence would decrease as of 2014. Despite these difficulties, Shuhada Organization (SO) successfully implemented 31 projects in various provinces. As in previous years, the organization remained committed to making a valuable contribution in the following areas:

Promoting human rights includina women rights, children rights and gender mainstreaming Promoting democracy and strengthening governance **Promoting** sustainable development Capacity building of both SO and its civil society organizations (CSOs) partners Providing services in the health and education sectors

Since Shuhada Organization's foundation, a strong focus on Human Rights has been central to the organization's activities. The organization has implemented a series of 694 human rights, women rights, child rights and legal aid long-term training courses with 1,334,691women and girls benefiting. These projects have aimed to educate women about their rights and to directly assist them in exercising these rights. During 2013, SO was also involved in policy-making and policy/law promotion in collaboration with its 23 non-governmental organizations and social organization partners. SO is an active member of a (Task Force) which works to bring modification to NGO law and has developed a manual on the Elimination Violence Against Women (EVAW) law, based on Islamic principles (Holy Quran and Hadith) highlighting that law is not against religion. Shuhada Organization continued to operate three orphanages, supporting 168 boys and girls in Bamyan and Ghazni provinces. To enhance the quality of education, two libraries were established at Chardeh and Karte Solh girls high schools for a number of 1890 students and two English & Computer courses were conducted for 76 school boys and girls. One of the most successful areas of the Organization's projects was the continuation of its sustainable livelihood project and economic empowerment, which targeted some of Afghanistan's most vulnerable groups. In continuation of SO's 2012 project, ewes and chickenwere distributed to 30 families at 2013 in Bamyan province. SO continued its service delivery in the areas of health and education In 2013, one district hospital and 7 clinics operated as did one co-educational high school with 1531 students and 41teachers being supported. As a member of Afghan civil society, we strive to promote Shuhada Organization's values of human rights and equality amongst wider organizational networks with the aim of better serving the needs of the community and strengthening the rule of law and access to justice. As such during 2013, Shuhada Organization partnered with different national and international bodies such as Counterpart International (CPI) { United States Agency for International Development(USAID)}, Europen Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR, Help Community Schaffhausen (HCS), The Finish NGO Foundation for Human Rights (KIOS), Commitee Arghosha Faraway School (CAFS), KIBO, Mother for Peace (MFP) and Naigala Association. Finally, I am grateful to the donors that have made our work possible and look forward to continuing our valuable partnership in the future. Shuhada Organization continues its commitment to meeting the goals and visions set forth in its Strategic Plan for 2013-2015. As always, we are especially thankful to all stakeholders in the areas of humanitarian intervention for their support and trust.

Abdul Rauf Naveed
Executive Director



2. About Shuhada Organization (SO)

Shuhada Organization (SO) is a non-governmental, non-profit, non-political and independent civil society organization dedicated to the welfare and progress of Afghan citizens with a primary focus on the empowerment of women and children. The slogan of the organization is "Working for a Better Tomorrow».

2.1 Basic Facts:

Founders of the organization: Dr. Sima Samar the Chairperson of Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission (AIHRC) and Abdul Rauf Naveed the Executive Director of SO

Established at: 1989

2.2 Organizational Structure:

SO has a democratic structure where a Board of Directors and Management Board are responsible for making overall decisions about the organization's governance.

2.3 Additionally, SO Has Four Functional (Departments):

- 1. Program Department
- 2. Admin & Finance Department
- 3. Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Department
- 4. Health & Education Department

2.4 Thematic Areas:

- Sustainable development including internal
- economical sustainability
- Human Rights
- Capacity Building
- Gender
- Democracy and Governance
- Shelter
- Education
- Health

2.5 Number of Staff:

Official staff:

Female: 60 Male: 134 Total: 194

Volunteer staff:

Female: 2 Male: 7

2.6 Vision & Mission:

2.6.1 Vision:

The SO vision is to strive to see an aware, prosperous and healthy society in Afghanistan through providing high quality services in line with the principles of democracy, rule of law, social justice, peace and non-discrimination.

2.6.2 Mission:

Provision of good quality services in the health, education, human rights, women rights and empowerment and democracy sectors. To this end, SO has a common slogan which says "working for a better tomorrow".

2.7 Values:

2.7.1 Transparency:

The organization has a strong commitment to being open about its activities, strategies and policies with its stakeholders, donors and the general public. Organization information and reports are publicly available.

2.7.2 Accountability:

Shuhada Organization prides itself in acting in a responsible manner and maintaining its commitment to the human rights of all members of Afghan society. Ethical conduct is paramount to the organization's operations.

2.7.3 Gender Sensitivity:

Gender equality and upholding the rights of women in Afghanistan is central to the organization's core values. Respect for gender integrity and working towards a society that values women and meets their needs is fundamental to Shuhada's mission.

2.7.4 Professionalism:

Maintaining integrity in all aspects of the organization's policies and procedures is central to Shuhada's goals. Good governance and evaluation are at the forefront of the organization's operations while it strongly condemns any form of discrimination, harassment, bribery or corruption.

2.7.5 Excellence:

The organization strives to evolve and be innovative in order to meet the changing dynamics of Afghan society. Through continual dialogue with its stakeholders, its staff and donors the organization aims for effective programs and continual improvement.

3. SO Achievements in 25 Years

3.1 *Health*: (*Beneficiaries*: 4,812,326)

SO operated five hospitals and 17 clinics from 1989 to 2008 in Ghazni, Bamyan, Maidan-Wardak and Ghoor provinces and it has been operating one hospital and six clinics since 2008 onwards.

Services of OPD, IPD, ANC, PNC, ECG, Major Operation, Minor Operation, X-Ray, Laboratory, Vaccination, Delivery, and Ultrasound were provided to 4,723,138 people and 89188 patients were treated by SO's Hospital and clinics in 2013 only, while totally 4,812,326 individuals have been benefited from SO's health services since its establishment.

3.2 Education: (Beneficiaries: 159, 321)

Shuhada Organization has built 118 schools and provided education for 97,560 students (52. 2 % girls, 47. 8 % boys); 7,430 boys and girls graduated from Shuhada schools. 6,550 boys and girls of these schools were enrolled in a higher education institutes. 1,470 students got their bachelor degree, six students were sent abroad for the completion of their higher education. 4,280 students completed their education and found jobs (based on SO research in 2011). 9,027 teachers received training in teaching skills and teaching methodologies, establishment of labs and laboratories in seven schools in the provinces. 49,300 women and girls received education in the basic literacy training courses. 376 girls students of the schools and universities received training in computer programs and learned English language, Computer and English program, six Afghan girls were trained in nursing courses after they were deported from Iran border. 1,531 girls and boys were provided education by SO in 2012 and the new enrolment of students in this school at 2013 increased within 211 girls and boys the total of which is 1,742. Gawharshad Institute of Higher Education (GIHE) provided education for 1392 girls and boys in 2013.

3.3 Vocational Training: (Beneficiaries: 6.154)

SO established two technical schools and conducted long and short term courses on carpet waving for 1,482 women; 4,422 women received training on rug/gilim and scarves weaving, 40 women were trained in blanket weaving, 40 women were trained in chips making, 20 women received training in jewelry making and 140 male received training on welding and solar system and 10 women received training on tailoring.

3.4 Construction:

SO constructed one hospital (50 beds), 118 schools, 17

clinics, three orphanages, four women's centers, one technical/vocational school, Two residential blocks for hospital staff, 80 houses (including two rooms, one kitchen, one bathroom and toilet) for families who were living in caves located in Bamyan province. Three veterinary clinics and two hospitals were renovated, maintained, repaired and extended with four rooms and two toilets. Furthermore, SO paved the road of the Yakawlang and Balkhab districts, which was approximately 73 kilometers.

3.5 Education Quality Enhancement: (Beneficiaries: 1,590 Individuals)

SO has provided furniture, shelf, 500 volume books and carpet for Chardeh Girls High School which benefitted 669 girls and boys and 17 male and female teachers. Zarin Girls High school was provided desks, wheel chairs and 1000 volume books by SO, 504 girls and boys students; 14 male and female teachers benefited from the above mentioned facilities. Resalat school has been provided desks, wheel chairs and also its water well renovated by SO. The beneficiaries of this school are 377 girls and boys students and 9 male and female teachers.

3.6 School's Refurbishment: (Beneficiaries: 1,645 Individuals)

SO did the following activities for the schools: Provided solar facilities for Arghosha School with the beneficiaries of 343 girls and boys students and 11 male and female teachers, water tank for Dar-e-Ali girls high school for the beneficiaries of 409 girls students and 10 male and female teachers, Ghorab Old School's roof is covered by Iran sheet for the beneficiaries of 350 girls and boys; 8 male and female teachers, installed pipe to supply water for Kamati school near the school building for the total beneficiaries of 251 girls and boys students and 9 male and female teachers and installed fence boundary wall for Jula school with the beneficiaries of 246 girls and boys students and 8 male and female teachers.

3.7 Livelihood: (Beneficiaries: 517 Families)

SO distributed 1,548 ewes among 378 poor and vulnerable families; 378 families' economic conditions were

improved through the distribution of livestock - 1,600 chickens were distributed to the 80 immigrant families in Quetta Pakistan. 300 chickens distributed in 2012 and SO with the continuation of the previous livelihood projects distributed 60 ewes for 15 families and 300 chickens for another15 vulnerable families of Bamyan province in 2013.

3.8 Human Rights: (Beneficiaries: 1,334,691)

1,002,737 beneficiaries benefited from human/women/children rights, reproductive health, rules and regulation of human rights, constitutional and civil rights law and access to justice courses, trainings, and workshops by SO up to 2012. In 2013 the beneficiaries of human/Women rights awareness rising, empowering of women and legal assistance, children rights reached at 831,954 individual through meeting, radio massages, dramas theaters, roundtables, posters and brochures.

3.9 Capacity Building: (Beneficiaries: 11,317)

SO conducted capacity building workshops on Human Resource Management, Gender, Leadership, and Monitoring and Evaluation for 9,737 individual since its foundation and 100 civil society organization staff were extensively trained on financial management, report writing, Proposal writing, Gender and Monitoring and Evaluation in 2011. 8 CSOs practically enhanced their capacity through implementing of the capacity building seed grants (CBSG's) and 1400 individual from 23 CSOs enheanced their capacity through Istitutional Support Grant (ISG)projects in 2013, to specify the numbers of CSOs individual we assume that each CSO contained 10 staff which the total beneficiaries reaches about 80 persons.

3.10 Environmental Protection: (Beneficiaries: 17,045)

17,045 male and female students, teachers and community elders received training workshops on environmental protection awareness in Bamyan and Ghoor Provinces. 750 fruit and non-fruit trees were planted in 25 schools in Bamyan and Ghoor.

3.11 Provision of Clean Water: (Beneficiaries: 16.100)

SO dug 117 wells and installed hand pumps for needy people in various provinces of Afghanistan and two water supply systems in Kamati area in center of Bamyan province.

3.12 Agriculture: (Beneficiaries: 1,240)
SO distributed wheat among 300 families, vegetable seeds to 100 women and 800 fruit plants for 40 families in Bamyan and Ghoor.

3.13 Orphanages: (Beneficiaries: 186)
SO has operated three orphanages for 186 children and widows. Eight orphans finished their first, second and third year of their university in different fields, and 12 orphans finished their high schools in 2013 and has taken exam for entering university in 2014.

3.14 Shelter: (Beneficiaries: 40)
40 girls who were deported from Iran's border were

trained in nursing, computer and English language.

3.15 Emergency Help: (Beneficiaries: 197, 000 (1994-2006)

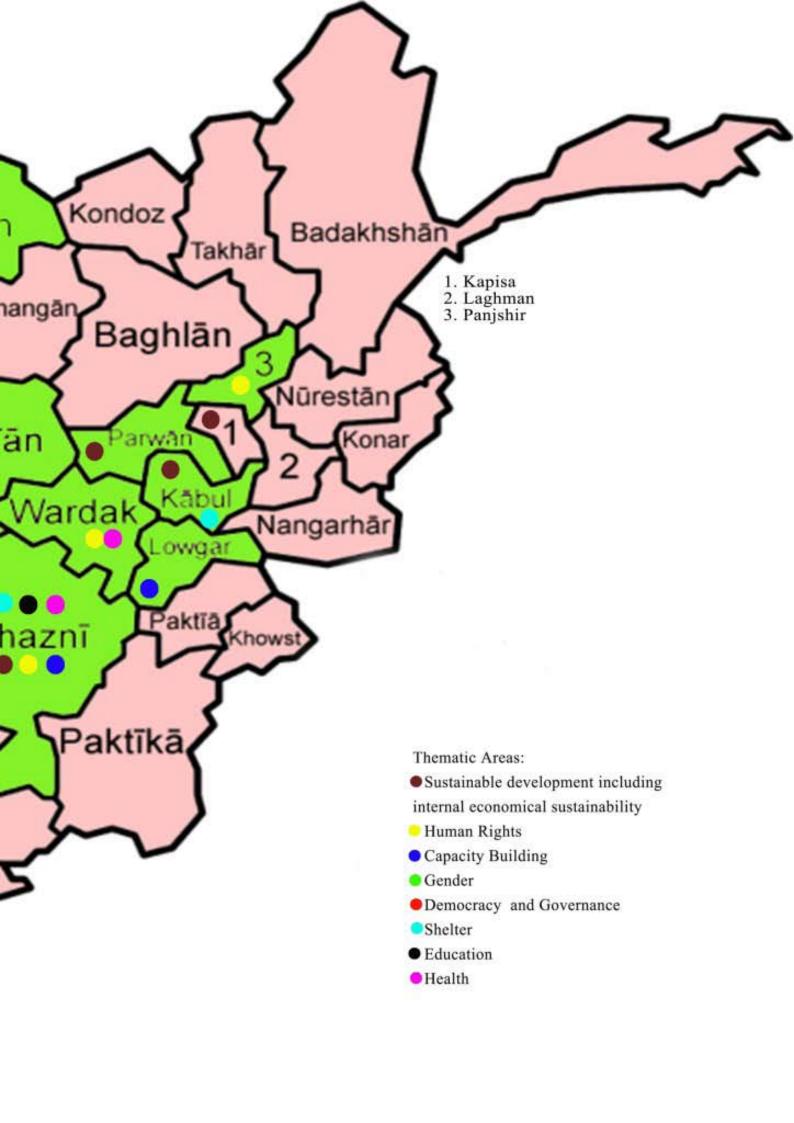
5,230 tons of food (including rice, ghee, tea, sugar, potatoes and beans) were distributed to 101400 poor and vulnerable returnee families (former refugees in Pakistan and Iran) in Kabul, Ghazni, Bamyan, Oruzgan, Daikundi and Wardak Provinces. 150,000 quilts were distributed to 75,000 individual Afghan refugees in Quetta, Pakistan, university hostels, and to people in Bamyan, Baghlan, Ghazni, Wardak, Maimana, and Mazar provinces. During the Taliban regime SO distributed food to 20,000 female students (those who were refugees in Quetta, Pakistan and residents in Jaghoori, Ghazni, and distributed 600 tents to 600 displaced families in Afghanistan and beyond.











4. SO's Projects in 2013

No	Project Name	Thematic Area	Donor	Location				
Α	Economic Empowerment							
1	Chicken and Ewes Distribution in Ghorab Village of Saighan	Livelihood	HCS	Bamyan				
В	Human Rights							
1	Human Rights, Literacy Course and Legal Assistance	Human Rights	KIOS	Waras & Panjab/Bamyan				
2	Learn, Speak and Spread through Professional Media	Human Rights	EIDHR	Bamyan, Daikundi, Ghoor				
3	Women's Awareness Raising and Empowerment	Human Rights	СРІ	Bamyan				
С	Capacity Building							
1	Capacity Building Seed Grants	Capacity Building	СРІ	Bamyan/Daikundi				
2	Institution Support Grant for Bamyan and Daikundi	Capacity Building	СРІ	Bamyan/Daikundi				
D	Shelter/Child Protection							
1	Samar Girls and Boys Orphanage	Orphanage	нсѕ	Bamyan				
2	Samar Girls Orphanage	Orphanage	нсѕ	Ghazni				
3	Samar Boys Orphanage	Orphanage	HCS	Ghazni				
4	Improvement of Jaghoori Orphanage Boundary Wall and Water Supply System	Education	HCS	Jaghoor/Gahzni				
Е	Educations							
1	Gawharshad Institute of Higher Education	Higher Education		Kabul				
2	Karte Solh Coeducation High School	Education	нсѕ	Centre of Bamyan				
3	Furniture and Books for Chardeh Girls High School	Education	CAFS	Yakawlang/Bamyan				
4	Furniture and Books for Zarin Girls High School	Education	CAFS	Yakawlang/Bamyan				
5	Furniture for Resalat Primary School	Education	CAFS	Centre of Bamyan				
6	Solar and Refurbishment of Arghosha School Roof	Education	CAFS	Yakawlang/Bamyan				
7	Water Tank for Dar-e-Ali Girls High School	Education	CAFS	Yakawlang/Bamyan				
8	Roof Refurbishment of Ghorab Old School	Education	CAFS	Saighan/Bamyan				
9	Water Supply System for Kamati School	Education	CAFS	Centre of Bamyan				
10	Fence Boundary all for Jula School	Education	CAFS	Shiber/Bamyan				
11	Construction of Two Latrines for Zarin Girls High School Facilitated	Education	CAFS	Yakawlang/Bamyan				
12	Improvement of KIBO School	Education	ківо	Aqarabat				
13	English and Computer Courses	Education	Dr. Subhani	Centre of Bamyan				

14	English and Computer Courses	Education	Dr. Subhani	Jaghoori/Ghazni					
F	Health								
1	Shuhada Jaghoori District Hospital	Health	нсѕ	Jaghoori/Ghazni					
2	Karte Solh Basic Health Clinic	Health	HCS	Centre of Bamyan					
3	Kamati Basic Health Clinic	Health	нсѕ	Centre of Bamyan					
4	Ali Beg Health Sub Center	Health	MFP	Centre of Bamyan					
5	Jagha Shew Basic Health Center	Health	Naiqala Association	Nahoor/Ghazni					
6	Golistan Health Sub Centre	Health	нсѕ	Golistan/Bamyan					
7	Ghorab Basic Health Centre	Health	Michael Kunz/ Abdul Ruff Naveed	Ghorab/Bamyan					

5. SustainableDevelopment through Sus-

tainable Economic Enterprises

5.1 Chicken and Ewes Distribution:

SO has distributed 60 ewes plus lambs for 15 families and 300 chickens for another 15 vulnerable families of Ghorab village, in Saighan district of Bamyan province. Community elders and council members introduced beneficiaries to SO. Financially, these projects were supported by HCS. The poor and vulnerable families economically supported, meanwhile the recipient who were mainly women got basic training on how to rare livestock and sustain their economy in the community.



6. Human/Woman Rights

6.1 Learn, Speak And Spread - Empowering Women Through The Support Of Independent Media:

The overall objective of the action is to empower women and vulnerable groups and reinforce Human Rights through independent media firms' capacity enhancement. In order to bolster the status of these marginalized populations, the action will also enlist support from men and established officials, who will have the task of recognizing and diffusing these Human Rights agendas. The project has successfully conducted its activities to raise awareness between both men and women from the targeted communities on women's rights. Similarly, SO's capacity building workshops for media professionals specifically provided them with the much needed skills to establish them as advocates for human rights in general, and for women's rights in particular. The overwhelming number of both male and female participants in SO's media workshops as well as in the conferences showed that the project managed to raise awareness on women's rights in a wide array of rural communities. The project has successfully passed its first year by implementing 42 'Learn and speak', 12 'Write and Spread'

workshops, and three "Write, Speak and Spread" conferences throughout Bamyan, Daikundi and Ghor provinces. The above activities that we have organized in all provinces had their own challenges as well as success stories regarding social inflexibility, political instability and cultural weakness. SO staff with their strong experiences and good backgrounds among the communities could manage them skillfully with no negative reaction.







6.2 Women's Awareness Raising and Empowerment:

Violence against women requires a lot of efforts from different angles; to contribute on this issue, Shuhada Organization has launched a project under the title of Women's Awareness Raising and Empowerment for duration of 9 months in Bamyan province through which 329,737 individuals (man and women) received extensive awareness on EVAW law. Within the project 192 training session conducted on EVAW law, 1,000 posters and 5,000 brochures disseminated, 420 radio messages of one-minute and different dramas broadcasted at the community level containing messages on human/women rights. The project is supported by USAID (Counterpart International).







6.3 Women Rights Awareness, Literacy and Legal Assistance Programs for Women and Girls in Panjab and Waras Districts of Bamyan Province





Violation of human and particularly women rights are yet so rampant in the country. There was still a due need to raise the awareness of public on human and women rights. SO has launched a program on women rights awareness, literacy and legal assistance program which a number of 720 women and girls were received extensive training on human/women rights and basic literacy. Through the project legal assistance and consultation provided to the victims of domestic violence and other violations against women rights. The project aimed to raise women rights awareness, inspired women and girls' participation in social work, enabled women to apply their rights in the community and gradually stand against violations, injustice and gender discrimination. It is financially supported by Kios.

7. Capacity Building

7.1 Capacity Building Seed Grant:

The CSOs in Bamyan and Daikundi were not able to contribute smoothly and skillfully based on the goal and objectives that they established basically. The main factor of this challenge was low level of CSOs knowledge and skill on fundraising specially proposal development and report writing. To address the two mentioned issues, SO launched a project under the title of Strengthen the capacity of SO in grants management and CSOs in project implementation via "learning by doing" and addressing the community needs in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces, that was designed with the below objectives:

- a) To strengthen the capacity of SO in grants management through re-granting of 10 projects to 10 eligible CSOs in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces.
- b) To enhance the capacity of 10 CSOs in project planning and implementation skills via "learning by doing" activities through re-granting of 10 projects.
- c) To address community needs identified through the community dialogue sessions in the following proposed areas:
- i. To decrease in violation against child girls and pave the ground for easy access of this deprived segment to education via re-granting of 5 awareness rising

and advocacy projects on elimination of discrimination against child girls.

ii. To contribute for improvement of the quality education through establishment of 5 library and 5 laboratory in ten different schools in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces.

In accordance with the above mentioned objectives, eight following eligible CSOs amongst 23 I-PACS partners were selected by GTEC of SO and implemented the projects:

- Afghanistan Women and Children Partner (AWCP)
- 2. Bamica Social Cultural and Agriculture Association (BSCAA)
- Bamyan Women Social Cultural Association (BWCSA)



- 4. Daikundi Cultural Youth Association (DCYA)
- 5. Daikundi Women Islamic Development and Coordination Council (DWIDCC)
- 6. East Vision Organization (EVO)
- 7. Justice and Civil Society Support Organization (JCSSO)
- 8. Tolo Daikundi Cultural Artistic Association (TDCCA)

The projects were contributed to enhance the capacity of targeted CSOs in project planning, fundraising and management via "learning by doing" activities through re-granting of 8 projects on decreasing of violation against child girls and improvement of quality education in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces.

Moreover, 500,000 individuals provided with awareness on child rights specially focus on discrimination of child girls through awareness raising meetings, radio massages, dramas, theater, roundtable, posters and brochures. In the same time advocacy for child girls fulfilled through conducting of public meetings and publishing articles in magazines and Newspapers with participa-

tion of at least 2,000 individuals and 4,000 readers.

Moreover, the quality of education improved through establishment of 6 libraries and 1 laboratory.





7.2 Institutional Support Grant (Third Phase):

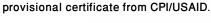
Beneficiaries: 1400 individuals

Location: Bamyan and Daikundi provinces

The project started in May, 2011 and ended in November, 2013. It was contributing to enable Afghan citizens to participate effectively in political process, solving community problems, and to demand good governance from their leaders. But, its third phase was specifically focused to Strengthen—the internal capacity of SO and its target CSOs providing various types of training, technical assistance, Organizational Development (OD), community and policy engagement interventions.

See below, the main achievements of this phase:

- * The capacity of SO is enhanced through conducting of 8 consultancy and trainings includes, leadership and management, financial sustainability and Public relation (PR) strategy, Learning and Set up of Quick Book Software, HR management, Communication and PR, MIS and improving M&E System and policy, SPSS, and Risk Management.
- * The organization has moved to be more standardize and ensure its self-regulatory through development/revision of a number of manuals and policies and participation in OD assessment via which the organization received the



- * The capacity of 23 CSOs in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces were developed through conducting of 13 capacity building workshops, regular mentoring visits and providing of technical assistances via two Resource Centers in Bamyan and Daikundi provinces.
- * The residents of Nilli the center of Daikundi provinces are enjoyed from new established Resource Center



facilities that includes computers, internet and equipped library while, the Resource Center in Bamyan city was running as well as previous years with mentioned facilities.

- The issues of local communities and the way to solve were identified and advocacy (follow up meetings) with the related local governmental sectors were held that had desirable outputs e.g. a teacher training center in Shiber district of Bamyan province was established via this process. Meanwhile, two provincial policy dialogues (PPD) were conducted in Bamyan & Daikundi provinces to discuss the issues in the level of the provinces and engage the communities in policy making.
- * Two gender networking groups one in each provinces of Bamyan and Daikundi were established.

8. Orphanage

8.1 Jaghori and Bamyan's Orphanages:

Three decades of war resulted in a high number of people dying or missing. Many children lost their parents or were separated from them. Other families lost their breadwinners and as a result became dependent on other extended family members. Since the economic condition of an average family in the region is very weak, these additional children are often treated as household servants. Orphans are used extensively as free child labor and remain in exploited economic situations throughout their lives. The destitute families of these unfortunate children are often unable, or in rare cases do not attempt to provide any educational opportunities for them. Orphans girls are in a particularly vulnerable position, and are often forced to marry at early age whoever, their family chooses for them (the choice often involves monetary transactions). Considering this reality, Shuhada Organization has established 3 orphanages in Bamyan and Ghazni provinces that house 186 girls and boys. The chil-



dren are cared by nine widows who live within the facility. Children in the orphanage attend public school throughout the year. In addition, permanent teachers are recruited to support the children with their school work and encourage and direct them towards independent study fields such as anthropology, theatre, literature, painting, cooking, knitting, sports, and regular English and computer courses. Children also conduct programs for poetry reading and debate sessions through the local radio station. However, SO helps to ensure that all orphans graduate from 12th grade and participate in university entrance examination. From the mention above Numbers of the Orphans a number of 20 boys and girls graduated from 12th class and from which a number of 8 boys finished their first, second and third year of their universities in different fields. This way they will gain independence in their future lives. Samar's orphans are attending English and computer courses at the orphanages besides studying school subjects, the boys are attending a football and health club as well.





8.2 Jaghori Girls Orphanage boundry wall:

SO has raised the boundary wall, provided and installed stable gate and renovated water supply system of Jaghoori girls orphanage. Now the girls feel free and relax to move inside of the Orphanage campus and have access to water in the bathroom and toilets. HCS financially supported this project.

9. Education

9.1 Gawharshad institute of higher education:

Gawharshad Institute of Higher Education (GIHE) was founded in August 2010 and registered with the Ministry of Higher Education of Islamic Republic of Afghanistan to operate as a non-profit private university in Afghanistan. It was founded by Dr. Sima Samar a prominent Human Rights activist.

See detail in the below table:

Detail	Stu	dent	Teacher		
Detail	Girl	Boy	Female	Male	
BBA	59	167	na	e e	
Economics	124	225	le		
Political	52	148			
Science	52	148			
Law	240	353]		
Civil	2	22			
Engineering		22			
Sub Total	477	915	1	82	
Total	13	92	83		





A number of 30 orphans from Samar and Tahe maskan orphanages were sponsered by GIHE to study their desired fields. GIHE has established a Women Empowerment Center, which organizes capacity building programs for women and helps to sponsor women's education. The department has played a considerable role in ensuring women's participation in the academic life of GIHE.

9. 2 Kart-e Solh Coeducation High School:

Kart-e Solh Coeducation High School in Bamyan Center has been operated by Shuhada Organization since 2005. Students enrolment continue to increase annually. Karte-Solh Co-education School's current enrolment comprises of 904 boys and 838 girls in the year 2013. It is financially supported by HCS. A further breakdown of students and teachers ratios is as follows:



S/ No	School Area		5		s	Classes		Teachers	Teachers	
		Area	Girls	Boys	Total		Female	Male	Total	
1	Kart-e Solh Coeducation high School	Kart-e Solh, Bamyan Center	838	904	1531	1st to 11th	17	36	53	
			838	904	1742		17	36	53	



9.3 Enhancement of Education Quality:

9.3.1 Chardeh Girls High School

SO continues its commitment for better enhancement of education quality in Afghanistan and expanding access to formal educational institutions. SO has provided furniture, for Chardeh Girls High School administration room, shelves, 500 volumes books and carpet for school library. 669 girls and boys students and 17 male and female teachers are benefiting from them. It was financially funded by CAFS.





9.3.2 Zarin Girls High School:

SO has provided desks, wheel chairs for the administration room of this school and in addition shelves, 1000 volumes books are provided for school library too. 504 girls and boys students and 14 male and female teachers are benefiting from them. It was financially funded by CAFS.

9.4 School's Refurbishment:

9.4.1 Resalat School:

Desks, chairs for the administration of the school was provided, school well was renovated by SO too. 377 girls and boys students and 9 male and female teachers are beneficiaries.



9.4.2 Arghosha School:

SO has provided Solar, solar frame, Battery, UPS and transformer for school administration's necessity, tents for the school primary classes and installed wiring and bulbs for the solar system. 343 girls and boys students and 11 male and female teachers are benefiting.

9.4.3 Dar-e-Ali Girls High School:

This school was provided a water tank, for the purpose of providing potable water to the 409 girls students and 10 male and female teachers are benefiting from them.



9.4.4 Ghorab Old School:

Ghorab old school building's roof was provided with iron sheet in order to save the school building from rain and snow damage. 350 girls and boys students and 8 male teachers are the beneficiaries.



9.4.5 Jula School:

SO has provided fence boundary wall for Jula School. 246 girls and boys students and 8 male and female teachers are benefiting from this fund.

Provision of Internet Facility:

SO through financial support of CAFS provided Internet facility for Bamyan Information and Culture Department. SO IT team installed the equipment's, did the wiring, networking etc. SO also provided the Internet charges for 12 months.





9.4.6 Kamati School:

Provision of water supply was provided by SO for Kamati School in order to save students time from having access to water for drinking and have safe and potable water for all beneficiaries of school next to the school door. 251 girls and boys students and 9 male and female teachers are benefiting from this project.



9.4.7 Zarin Girls High School:

Construction of two latrines facilitated by SO for Zarin High School teachers. All the above items which mentioned under the title of school refurbishment, financially supported by CAFS.



9.4.8 Improvement of KIBO schools:

Shuhada organization has facilitated construction of new boundary wall, installed new hand pump on existing water well, furniture for 3 class rooms and school office provided, installated iron sheet on school building roof, in Bamyan province. Total number of beneficiaries are 249: (.boys 139,and girls 88),12 techers: (one female and 11 male).



9.5 English and Computer Courses:

Computer and English courses began on 1 April 2012 at Jaghoori Girls and Boys Orphanages and Bamyan Orphanage which ran for one year; the numbers of beneficiaries were 76 girls and boys. At first, the beneficiaries were 40 girls across Jaghoori girls Orphanage and Bamyan orphanage. However, SO observed that the project had the capacity for 76 beneficiaries and increased the number of the beneficiaries. An additional 20 boys from Boys Orphanage of Jaghoori and 16 boys at Bamyan Orphanage benefited from the English and computer courses. These courses successfully ended at 30th of March 2013. To honor and persuade the active participation of the beneficiaries SO has distributed certificate at the end of the courses. This project was financially supported by Dr. Sohrab Sobhani.

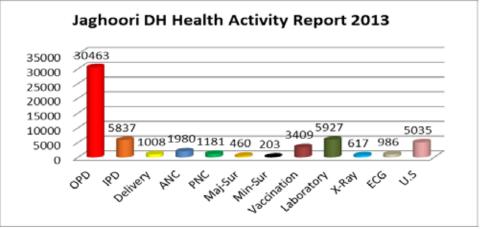


10 Health

10.1 Jaghoori District Hospital (JDH):

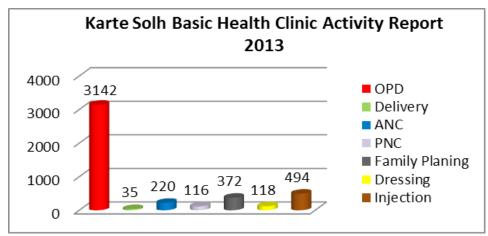
Shuhada JDH is located in Jaghoori district, Ghazni province. SO has operated the JDH Since 1993. This hospital has inpatient and outpatient departments: an operating theater, delivery room, X-ray room, emergency room, diagnostic laboratory, dressing room, ultrasound machine, vaccination and nurse training facilities. Additionally, it has a health education and outreach department and regularly conducts health related information sessions with patients. JDH is financially supported by HCS.





10.2 Karte Solh Basic Health Clinic (BHC):

Karte Solh BHC is located in Bamyan center of Bamyan province. SO has run the Karte Solh clinic Since 2005. This clinic operates on its outpatients (delivery health services, such as routine examinations, reproductive health care and family planning services to patients) and has a checkup room, delivery room, dressing room and one free medical store. HCS financially, supported this clinic.

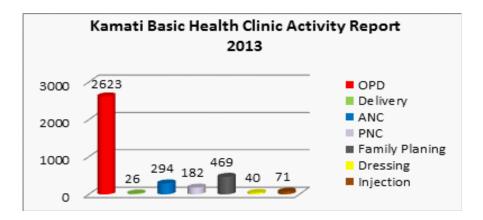




10.3 Kamati Basic Health Clinic (BHC):

Kamati BHC is located in Kamati village in Bamyan center, Bamyan province. Throughout 2013 Shuhada Organization ran the clinic with financial support from HCS. The clinic operates on its outpatients (delivery health services, such as routine examinations, reproductive health care and family planning services to patients) and includes a checkup room, delivery room, dressing room and one free medical store.

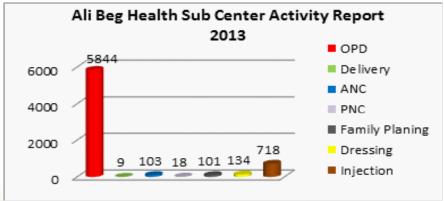




10.4 Ali Beg Health Sub Center (HSC):

Ali Beg HSC is located in Ali Beg village, which is surrounded by 10 villages located on the hillside of Shah Foladi Mountains in Bamyan center, Bamyan province. SO has run the Centre since 14 September 2011 with financial support from Mother for Peace (MFP). The clinic is operating on its outpatients (delivery health services, such as routine examinations, reproductive health care and family planning services) and has a checkup room, delivery room, dressing room and one free medical store.

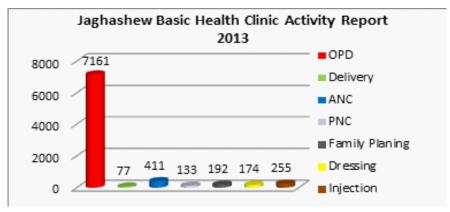






10.5 Jaghashew Basic Health Clinic (BHC):

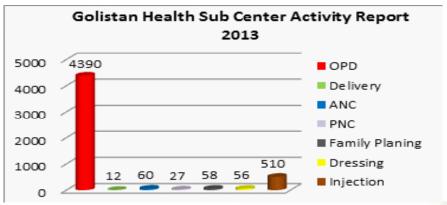
Jaghashew BHC is located in Jaghashew area of Nahoor district, Ghazni province. Shuhada Organization operates the clinic with the financial support of Naiqala Association. The Clinic operates on its outpatients (delivery health services, such as routine examinations, reproductive health care and family planning services) and has a checkup room, delivery room, dressing room and one free medical store with duration of three years.



10.6 Golistan Health Sub Center (HSC):



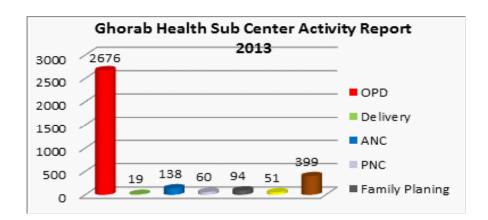
Golistan village is located in rural area of Bamyan center. It is about 35km far from the center of the Bamyan and has a population of 980 people. Golistan HSC is runing by Shuhada Organization with financial support of HCS. The clinic is operating on its outpatients (delivery health services, such as routine examinations, reproductive health care and family planning services to patients) and has a checkup room, delivery room, dressing room and one free medical store with one year's worth of supplies.



10.7 Ghorab Health Sub Center (HSC):

Ghorab is located in Bamyan center. Previously, 4000 people in the area had no access to basic health care and had to travel several hours to Bamyan center for treatment. In conjunction with the Department of Public Health in Bamyan, SO established a Health Sub Center based on the community's request. The clinic is operating with the financial support of SO's executive director (Mr. Abdul Rauf Naveed). The clinic provides daily patients checkup, outpatient department (OPD), delivery, dressing, vaccination, reproductive health care and family planning services to the community.





11. Success Story

11.1 Short History of my Life

I am Ameen, my last name is Naveed and I was born 15 years before in Shahfulladi village of Bamyan center. I was not more than 4 years old child that, I lost my father at Afghan civil war and afterward, me, my brother, my two sisters and my mother were left without breadwinner or guardian. I was the youngest child of my family and my mother was working hard from dawn to dusk to provide us food and she was having hard time of her life. When I was five, I was climbing the harsh mountain of Shahfulladi to provide wood and dried bushes for the season of winter to provide heat for the room to live in and cook food. Clearly I remember, at that time while I was looking my friends at the same age, they happily and full interest,

could go to school and I hoped to go to school and made me literate and educated too.

The day which is counted as a fortune day in my life, was the day that; I was introduced to the Samar Orphanage



and I was shifted in it. It is about six years that, I am living in Samar Orphanage and studying in ninth grade at school and I am a good position holder in my class and now I belong to a great family from where I learned love, sincerity and devotion. In the Samar Orphanage all educational facilities are available for me. With high stimulant, I am hopeful to my life in here.

Growing under kindness of caring parent is the dream of every child who is deprived of. I am really thankful to my mother Dr. Sima Samar and my father Abdul Raouf Naveed who are good parents to me. They helped me a lot and supported me to go to school to learn English and basic computer's programs. Without their continues support I would never had these opportunities and achievements.

Similar to rest of children and youngsters, I have my own dreams and wishes for the future. I hope the day, to complete my higher education and help poor and needy people, as my father and mother did for me. It is the greatest wish of my life.

Ameen one of the Samar Orphanage's child

11.2 Community Problem Solving:

Shuhada Organization (SO) through Initiative to Promote Afghan Civil Society has been trying to find the solution for problems that are suffering people in the village/ district or provincial level. Through conducting of CD sessions the SO along with community members have identified priority needs which are existed within community.

Shuhada organization has conducted more than 80 community dialogue sessions in both Bamyan and Daikundi provinces. Through these Sessions the community members discussed and indentified their main problems such as violence against women, Girls limited access to education, unemployment, low access to basic health services, lack of professional teachers at school, low access to educational facilities, poverty, forced and early marriages, lack of electricity and so on.

In the series of the mentioned Sessions a community dialogue was conducted in Jame Ali a village in Shibar District, Bamyan province on 14/11/2012. Lack of Teacher Training institution was identified as a major problem by the session participants.

To address the issue, a follow up meeting with participation of below personalities was organized in the Bamyan Education Directorate on Monday Dec, 31, 2012.

- 1- Bamyan Education Directorate
- 2- Representative of the village
- 3- A femal representative of the community
- 4- SO CD officer
- 5- SO M&E officer

The problem was explained by community representatives also aspects and ways of solutions were discussed with all members of the meeting. Finally the following decisions were made:

- 1- The community prepared the list of at least 40 teachers to join into teacher training program
- 2- The Bamyan Education Office launched a teacher training program through establishment of a teacher training institute by early month of March 2013.
- 3- The Bamyan Education Office hired females who were graduated from high schools in two districts Waras and Shibar as teacher, then they were able to attend in teacher training institution.

The advocacy was successful, when the Teacher Training Institution was officially inaugurated in Shibar District dated April 28, 2013.

Thus, SO assumed the below results:

- 40 female were benifited of their education rights and the facilities of the Teacher Training Institution to enhance their capacity and learned teaching skills.
- A number of graduated female from high-schools were hired as teachers and they were provided with opportunities that they could participate in the society and were bread winner for their family that ensured their dignity in the family and community level.
- The community members especially women were encouraged to participate in social affairs and

were agent of changes.

- Running of the mentioned institute has contributed to women liberation in the future of the Shiber district.
- The quality of education in the mentioned district has been improved.



11.3 Establishing Syndicate for Comprehensive Advocacy:

The Shuhada Organization has conducted more than 80 community dialogues with the different segments of the society such as CDCs, youth, religious leaders, community members and university students both male and female to raise the awareness of CD sessions' participants on civil society, importance of the citizen participation into the process of decision making, civic rights, democracy and to identify their priority needs as well as find the solutions for their problems and finally the organizing of follow up meeting with the governmental sectors are being implementing through SO/I-PACS team to solve those problems which are solve able into the district or provincial levels. The representatives of Bamyan university students were invited to participate into the two separate CD sessions dated, 17-06-2012 and 14-10-2012. The participants were presented their problems as below;

- Not enough rooms in female dormitory and shortage of potable water.
- * Lack of dormitory for the male students
- * Low capacities of teachers
- Limited access to the new technologies, laboratory and library.
- Existing of discriminations which are implementing by university teachers
- Not enough job opportunity when they are graduating university.
- * Low services of transporation for the female students

Their problems were discussed many times with related

offices and reflected in PPD but it seems that there is no interest for solving of these issues.

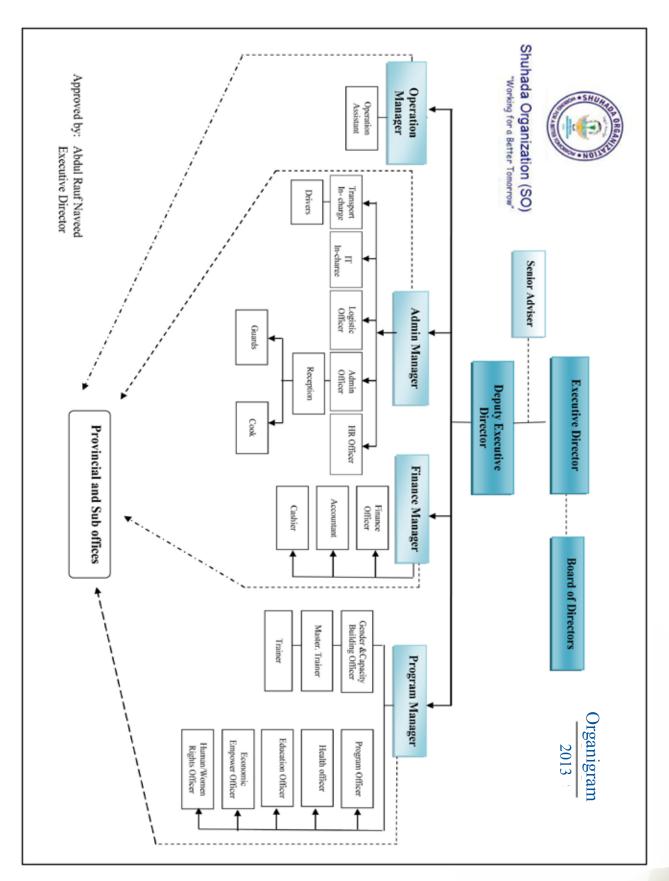
Thus, through several meetings in this regard with the university students they were agreed to establish students' syndicate to create more coordination and collaboration amongst university students for the aim of lunching comprehensive advocacy which was interested by the students and they have organized a series of sessions and meetings in this regard. Finally they were successfully to establish this Syndicate with participation of 180 students, and teachers, which has combined from three committee such as Admin and Financial Committee, Cultural Committee and Communication Committee. This syndicate will be leaded by a leadership council combined 10 persons (Director with two assistants and head of committees). It is wroth to mention that this Union officially was inaugurated on Friday July, 12, 2013 in Noorband Qala's Conference Hall in center of Bamyan Province.

Mr. Boonyad Ali Moien the representative of university students and director of syndicate thanked SO/I-PACS team for the implementation of this unique project.



12. Annexes

12.1 Organigram:





Face book: shuhada